



ANNUAL REPORT

2015

“The SEC in granting approval does not extend to either endorsing or ratifying the accuracy of the specific details set out therein, and that the management company remains at all times responsible for the specific details set out in the Annual Report.”

CONTENTS

Corporate Information	1
Report of the Manager	2
Report of the Auditors	3
Statement of Comprehensive Income	4
Statement of Financial Position	5
Statement of Changes in Unit holders Fund	6
Statement of Cash Flow	7
SAP Notes to the Financial Statements Declaration by Trustee and Managing Company	8 9
Management Team	10

CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS MONEY MARKET FUND
Annual Report & Accounts 2015
CORPORATE INFORMATION

TRUSTEE

National Savings Bank
Savings House, 255, Galle Road
Colombo 03

FUND MANAGERS & REGISTRAR

Ceybank Asset Management Ltd
Reg. No PV 3326
No 54/C 1, Ward Place, Colombo -7
Tel : 011 760 2000-2, Fax : 2683095
E.mail : ceybank@slt.lk

**DIRECTORS OF THE
MANAGEMENT COMPANY**

Mr. P.S.C. Pelpola
Chairman

Mr. M Selvanathan
Deputy Chairman

Mr. C. Sathkumara
CEO/Executive Director

Mr. D. M. Gunasekera
(Nominee - Bank of Ceylon)

Mr. S.M.S.C.Jayasuriya
(Nominee - Bank of Ceylon)

Shri B Babu Rao
(Nominee - Unit Trust of India)

Mr. M S P Ranjith Perera
(Nominee - Sri Lanka Insurance)

Mr. P.P.J.Perera
(Nominee - Sri Lanka Insurance)

Mr. Ajith weeratunge
(Alternate to Mr. M Selvanathan)

Mr. G.A.Jayashantha
(Alternate to Mr. D. M. Gunasekera)

Mr. U. D. Liyanagamage
(Alternate to Mr.P.P.J.Perera)

**MEMBERS OF
THE INVESTMENT ADVISORY PANEL**

Mr. Hari Selvanathan
Deputy Chairman
Carson Cumberbatch PLC

Mr. S N P Palihena
Former General Manager
Bank of Ceylon

Mr. Tennyson Rodrigo
Former Managing Director
Capital Development & Investment Co Ltd

AUDITORS
BDO Partners
Chartered Accountants

TAX CONSULTANTS
Ernst & Young
Chartered Accountants

BANKERS & CUSTODIAN
Bank of Ceylon

LAWYERS

F. J. & G. De Saram
Attorneys –at-Law

Nithya Partners
Attorneys –at-Law

CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS MONEY MARKET FUND

REPORT OF THE MANAGER

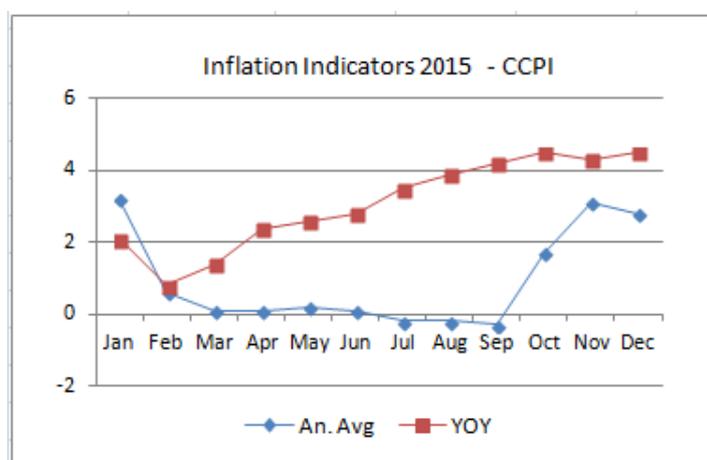
We have great pleasure in presenting the Annual Report and Audited Accounts of the Ceybank Saving Plus Money Market Fund for the period 1st January 2015 to 31st December 2015.

The Net Asset Value per unit of your Fund appreciated by 6.49% during the period and the Fund distributed tax free dividends of Rs 0.80 (80cts per unit). The Fund will distribute dividends in January and July each year.

Economy

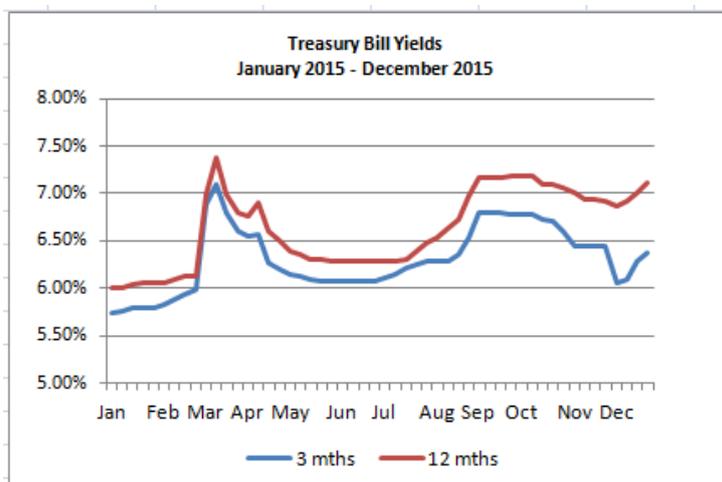
The Sri Lankan Economy recorded an Annual GDP growth of 4.8% in 2015 marginally below the growth of 4.9% achieved in 2014 (base year=2010). Sector wise Industry grew by 3.0%, Services by 5.3%, and Agriculture by 5.5%.

Average Annual Inflation measured by the CCPI, which was at 3.2% at the beginning of the year declined and remained flat for most of the year, but increased sharply in September and closed the year at 2.8% as at end December 2015.



Market interest rates remained volatile during the year. The benchmark 12 month Treasury bill rate which was at 6.01% p.a. at the beginning of the year increased to 7.11% p.a. by the end of the year. A parallel shift was seen on long term Treasury bonds yields. Corporate paper yields too continued to move in tandem with Treasury bill rates, with premiums of around 2-3% above Treasury yields, during this period.

Overnight call money rates generally traded within a range of 5.80% and 7.00% p.a. The exchange rate which was at 131.96 (Rs/US\$) at the beginning of the year, depreciated during the year moving up to 144.06 (Rs/US\$), as at end December 2015.



(Source: CBSL)

Central Bank key policy rates were reduced by 0.5% in April 2015. The Standing Deposit Facility Rate (SDFR) was reduced to 6.00% while the Standing Lending Facility Rate (SLFR) was reduced to 7.5%. The Statutory Reserve Requirement (SRR) for Commercial Banks remained unchanged at 6%.

Fund Performance

The Net Asset Value per unit of your Fund appreciated by 6.49% during the period under review.

The Fund generated a net operating profit of Rs 167.16 million and declared tax free dividends of Rs 166.51 million, a total of Rs 0.80 per unit to the unit holders for the period under review. The Fund was mainly invested in a mix of Treasury bills, Repurchase Agreements and Corporate paper with maturities less than 12 months.

Future Outlook

The Sri Lankan Economy recorded an Annual GDP growth of 4.8% in 2015, with the Agriculture sector the best performer contributing 5.5%. The Services sector contributed 5.3% while Industry lagged at 3%.

The future outlook on growth will depend largely on new Government policy which continues to be unclear, with amended budget proposals and new taxes.

Export markets remain a concern, as both Europe and the USA face declining economic growth. The negotiations of the GSP plus concession appears to be positive, but resumption of the concession seem to be set for the end of 2016. The relatively low crude oil prices globally augurs well. However local weather conditions will be important and will affect the level of growth that will be finally achieved.

During the first two months of the New Year, Central bank raised the Statutory Reserve Requirement (SRR) for Commercial banks by 150 bps while the Standing Deposit Facility Rate (SDFR) and the Standing Lending Facility Rate (SLFR) was increased by 50 bps signaling an increase in interest rates. The Government's increased borrowing program also indicates a rate movement upwards. Taking these factors into account the Fund is currently invested in short term Treasury bills, Repurchase Agreements and a mix of Securities issued by Corporate entities. The objective of the Fund is to provide liquidity and a stable regular income for the investor. The Managers will continue to monitor the changing environment to address any change required in the asset allocation in order to meet the Fund objective.

Management

We take this opportunity to thank our valued unit holders for the confidence placed in us, which has been a great source of encouragement. We believe we will be able to provide a consistent return to the unit holders. We also place on record our appreciation for the unstinted support and cooperation extended by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka, the Trustee, National Savings Bank and Custodian Bank of Ceylon.

Our sincere appreciation is also due to the stakeholders, the Board of Directors and the members of the Investment Advisory Panel for their support. Our achievements would not have been possible without the skills and commitment of the Management Team. We take great pleasure in thanking them for their contribution and dedication throughout the year and look forward to their support in the coming year too.



Chitra Sathkumara
Executive Director/ CEO
31st March 2016



Tel : +94-11-2421878-79-70
+94-11-2387002-03
Fax : +94-11-2336064
E-mail : bdopartners@bdo.lk
Website : www.bdo.lk

Chartered Accountants
"Charter House"
65/2, Sir Chittampalam A Gardiner Mawatha
Colombo 02
Sri Lanka

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS FUND

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Ceybank Savings Plus Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2015 and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in unitholder's fund and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as set out on pages 05 to 20.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Ceybank Asset Management Limited ("Management") and the Trustee of the Unit Trust are responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Ceybank Savings Plus Fund as at 31st December, 2015 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 163 (2) of the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007, we state the following:

- a) The basis of opinion and scope and limitations of the audit are as stated above.
- b) In our opinion:
 - We have obtained all the information and explanations that were required for the audit and, as far as appears from our examination, proper accounting records have been kept by the Fund,
 - The financial statements of the Fund, comply with the requirements of Section 151 of the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007, the Unit Trust Deed and the Unit Trust Code of the securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka.

Sgd. BDO Partners

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Colombo

13th May, 2016

SM/nr

BDO Partners, a Sri Lankan Partnership, is a member of BDO International Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, and forms part of the international BDO network of independent member firms.

Partners : S. Rajapakse FCA, FCMA, MBA. Tishan H. Subasinghe FCA, ACMA, CISA, MBA. H.S. Rathnaweera FCA, ACMA.
Ashane J.W. Jayasekara FCA, FCMA (UK), MBA. H.M. Saman Siri Lal FCA, ACMA, MBA. Hasanthi D.Amarakoon ACA, ACMA

CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS FUND
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2015

Page 1

	Note	2015 Rs.	2014 Rs.
Net Income on Financial Instruments Held at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	4	187,959,285	211,474,187
Total Investment Income		<u>187,959,285</u>	<u>211,474,187</u>
Expenses			
Management Fee		(17,094,958)	(17,845,980)
Trustee and Custodian Fee		(2,849,160)	(3,135,283)
Audit Fee		(78,650)	(68,750)
Other Expenses		(768,444)	(1,007,289)
		<u>(20,791,212)</u>	<u>(22,057,302)</u>
Net Operating Profit		<u>167,168,073</u>	<u>189,416,885</u>
Finance Expenses			
Interest Expenses		-	(203)
Distributions to Unitholders	5	(166,513,843)	(178,063,266)
Profit After Deductions and Before Tax		<u>654,230</u>	<u>11,353,416</u>
Income Tax Expense		(16,716,807)	(18,941,668)
Decrease in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders	6	<u>(16,062,577)</u>	<u>(7,588,252)</u>

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The Accounting Policies and Notes from pages 05 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Colombo
13th May, 2016

CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS FUND
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2015

Page 2

	Note	2015 Rs.	2014 Rs.
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	3,459,780	4,677,784
Receivables	8	162,798	162,798
Financial Assets Held at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	9	2,192,448,299	2,992,195,479
Income Tax Receivable	10	7,281,309	7,073,284
Total Current Assets		<u>2,203,352,186</u>	<u>3,004,109,345</u>
Total Assets		<u>2,203,352,186</u>	<u>3,004,109,345</u>
UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS AND LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Other Payables	11	2,371,703	3,311,259
Money Payable on Unit Redemption		1,057,733	1,330,865
Total Current Liabilities		<u>3,429,436</u>	<u>4,642,124</u>
Unitholder's Fund		2,199,922,750	2,999,467,221
Total Unitholder's Fund		<u>2,199,922,750</u>	<u>2,999,467,221</u>
Total Unitholders' Funds and Liabilities		<u>2,203,352,186</u>	<u>3,004,109,345</u>

Commitments and Contingencies

12 and 13

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The accounting policies and notes on pages 05 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The Board of Directors of the management company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements.

The financial statements were approved by the management company and by the trustee on 11th May, 2016 and on 04th May, 2016 respectively.



Director
Management Company



Director
Management Company

Colombo
13th May, 2016
SM/dm



CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS FUND
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN UNITHOLDERS' FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2015

Page 3

	Unit Capital Rs.	Retained Earnings Rs.	Total Rs.
Balance as at 01st January, 2014	1,142,902,720	71,838,804	1,214,741,524
Decrease in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders	-	(7,588,252)	(7,588,252)
Received on Unit Creations	2,953,663,034	106,667,578	3,060,330,612
Paid on Unit Redemptions	(1,219,793,151)	(48,223,512)	(1,268,016,663)
Balance as at 31st December, 2014	<u>2,876,772,603</u>	<u>122,694,618</u>	<u>2,999,467,221</u>
Decrease in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders	-	(16,062,577)	(16,062,577)
Received on Unit Creations	1,388,716,677	39,607,228	1,428,323,905
Paid on Unit Redemptions	(2,130,479,452)	(81,326,347)	(2,211,805,799)
Balance as at 31st December, 2015	<u>2,135,009,828</u>	<u>64,912,922</u>	<u>2,199,922,750</u>

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The accounting policies and notes on pages 05 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Colombo
13th May, 2016

CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS FUND
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2015

Page 4

	2015 Rs.	2014 Rs.
Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
Interest Received	187,959,285	211,474,187
Net Investment in Financial Assets Held at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	799,747,180	(1,783,515,141)
Bank Charges	(112,649)	(148,650)
Management Fees and Trustee Fees Paid	(20,962,321)	(19,255,353)
Interest Paid	-	(203)
Other Expenses Paid	(928,929)	(109,731)
Income Tax Paid	(16,924,832)	(20,835,033)
Net Cash Outflow from Operating Activities	<u>948,777,734</u>	<u>(1,612,389,924)</u>
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Proceeds form Applications from Unitholders	1,428,323,904	3,060,330,612
Payments for Redemptions by Unitholders	(2,211,805,799)	(1,268,016,663)
Distributions Paid from Operating Activities	(166,513,843)	(178,063,266)
Net Cash From Financing Activities	<u>(949,995,738)</u>	<u>1,614,250,683</u>
Net (Decrease)/Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,218,004)	1,860,759
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year (Note A)	<u>4,677,784</u>	<u>2,817,025</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year (Note B)	<u><u>3,459,780</u></u>	<u><u>4,677,784</u></u>
At the Beginning		Note A
Balance at Bank	<u>4,677,784</u>	<u>2,817,025</u>
At the End		Note B
Balance at Bank	<u><u>3,459,780</u></u>	<u><u>4,677,784</u></u>

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The accounting policies and notes on pages 05 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Colombo
13th May, 2016

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

1.1 General

Under Section 31 of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka, Act No.36 of 1987 as amended by the Act No.26 of 1991 and the Act No.18 of 2003, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka granted a license to operate the Fund to Ceybank Asset Management Limited on 02nd June, 2009. The Fund commenced its commercial operations on 22nd June, 2009. The registered office of the Management Company is located at 54/C1, Ward Place, Colombo 07.

1.2 Principal Activities and Nature of Operations

The Fund is an Open-Ended Unit Trust and invests mainly on money market in Sri Lanka to maximize short term current income while ensuring ease of liquidity by investing in a portfolio of Money Market Instruments and to provide a regular stream of dividend income bi-annually. The Fund also invests in government securities, bank deposits and corporate debt instruments with maturities less than one year.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 General Accounting Policies

2.1.1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are prepared and comply in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards (SLFRSs and LKASs) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka and adopted as directed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and net assets attributable to unitholders. The amount expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months after the end of each reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

2.1.2 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards (SLFRSs and LKASs) which are effective from 01st January, 2012.

2.2 Statement Of Comprehensive Income

2.2.1 Revenue Recognition

Interest income is recognized in profit or loss for all financial instruments that are not held at fair value through profit or loss using the effective interest method. Interest income on assets held at fair value through profit or loss is included in the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

2.2.2 Expenditure Recognition

All expenses, including management fees and trustee fees, are recognised in profit or loss on accrual basis.

2.2.3 Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the results for the year as adjusted for disallowable items. The current tax liabilities are provided for in accordance with the provisions of the Inland Revenue Act, No.10 of 2006 and subsequent amendments thereto.

2.2.4 Distribution

In accordance with the trust deed, the Fund distributes income adjusted for amounts determined by the Ceybank Asset Management Limited, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in profit or loss as finance costs attributable to unitholders.

2.2.5 Increase/Decrease in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. Movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in profit or loss as finance costs.

2.3 Statement Of Financial Position

2.3.1 Financial Instruments

The Fund's principal financial assets comprise investments in trading securities and cash at bank. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to generate a return on the investment made by Unitholders. The Funds' principal financial liabilities comprise amounts attributable to Unitholders, which are the amounts owed to Unitholders of the Fund. The Fund also has various other financial instruments such as receivables and payables which arise directly from its operations.

In accordance with LKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, the Fund's receivables are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Trading securities are classified as 'held for trading', meaning they are valued at fair value through profit or loss. The amount attributable to unitholders is classified as a financial liability and is carried at the redemption amount being net asset value. Payables are designated as 'other financial liabilities' at amortized cost.

2.3.1.1 Classification

The Fund's investments are classified as at fair value through profit or loss.
They comprise: -

2.3.1.1.1 Financial Instruments Held for Trading

Derivative financial instruments such as futures, forward contracts, options and interest rate swaps are included under this classification. The Fund does not designate any derivatives as hedges in a hedging relationship.

The Fund makes short sales in which a borrowed security is sold in anticipation of a decline in the market value of that security, or it may use short sales for various arbitrage transactions. Short sales are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

2.3.1.1.2 Financial Instruments Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Upon Initial Recognition

These include financial assets that are not held for trading purposes and which may be sold. These are investments in exchange traded debt and equity instruments, unlisted trusts and commercial paper.

Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception is those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the responsible entity to evaluate the information about these financial instruments on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

2.3.1.2 Recognition/De-recognition

The Fund recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognizes changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are de-recognized when the right to receive cash flows from the investments has expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are de-recognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or expired.

Realized gains and realized losses on de-recognition are determined using the weighted average method and are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The realized gain is the difference between an instrument's weighted average cost and disposal amount.

2.3.1.3 Measurement

2.3.1.3.1 Financial Assets and Liabilities Held at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

At initial recognition, the fund measures a financial assets and liabilities at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is subsequently based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the current bid price and the quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current asking price.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using valuation techniques. Accordingly, there may be a difference between the fair value at initial recognition and amounts determined using a valuation technique. If such a difference exists, the Fund recognizes the difference in profit or loss to reflect a change in factors, including time that market participants would consider in setting a price.

2.3.1.3.2 Loans and Receivables

Loan assets are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently amortized using the effective interest rate method, less impairment losses if any. Such assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment.

If evidence of impairment exists, an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss recognized on a financial asset carried at amortized cost decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the write-down, the write-down is reversed through profit or loss.

2.3.1.4 Unitholders' Funds and Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Unitholders' funds has been calculated as the difference between the carrying amounts of the assets and the carrying amounts of the liabilities, other than those due to Unitholders, as at the date of the statement of financial position.

Units can be issued and redeemed based on the fund's net asset value per unit, calculated by dividing the net assets of the fund calculated in accordance with the valuation guidelines issued by the Unit Trust Association of Sri Lanka and approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka, by the number of units in issue.

Dividend to unitholders is declared according to the explanatory memorandum. Distribution to unitholders is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs. Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders.

2.3.1.5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and interest accrued on cash held in bank.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

2.3.2 Receivable

Receivable are recognized and carried at amortized cost, less a provision for any uncollectable debts. An estimate for doubtful debt is made when collection of an amount is no longer probable.

Collectability of receivable is reviewed on an ongoing basis at an individual portfolio level, Individual debts that are known to be uncollectable are written off when identified. An impairment provision is recognized when there is objective evidence that the fund will not be able to collect the receivable. Financial difficulties of the debtor, default payments are considered objective evidence of impairment. The amount of the impairment loss is the receivable carrying amount compared to the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

2.3.3 Payable

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the end of each reporting period is recognised separately in the statement of financial position when unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income under the Trust Deed.

2.3.4 Applications and Redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

2.3.5 Significant Judgements and Estimates

Management considers credit, liquidity and market risk and assesses the impact on valuation of investments when determining the fair value. Following is the key source of estimation uncertainty at the date of the statement of financial position, that have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

2.3.6 Fair Value of Securities not Quoted in an Active Market and Over the Counter Derivative Instruments

Management uses its judgement in determining the appropriate valuation technique for financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market. Valuation techniques commonly used by market practitioners are applied. Other financial instruments are valued using a discounted cash flow analysis based on the assumptions supported, where possible, by observable market prices or rates.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. Financial risk management is carried out by the management company.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate and other price risks and ratings analysis for credit risk.

3.1 Market Risk

3.1.1 Fund's Exposure to Interest Rate Risk

The Fund is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk on financial instruments with variable interest rates. Financial instruments with fixed rates expose the Fund to fair value interest rate risk. The Fund's interest bearing financial assets expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis.

The Fund's policy is to hold all its net assets attributable to unitholders invested in debt/Equity securities. The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks. It includes the Fund's assets and liabilities at fair values, categorised by the earlier of contractual reprising or maturity dates.

As at 31 st December, 2015 Financial Assets	Floating Interest Rs.	Fixed Interest Rs.	Non-Interest Rs.	Total Rs.
Cash and cash Equivalents	Nil	Nil	3,459,780	3,459,780
Receivables	Nil	Nil	7,444,107	7,444,107
Financial Assets Held at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	Nil	2,192,448,300	Nil	2,192,448,300
Total Exposure	Nil	2,192,448,300	10,903,887	2,203,352,187

3.2 Summarised Sensitivity Analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the funds operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to interest rate risk and other price risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on managements best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in interest rates, historical correlation of the funds investment with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables maybe greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in performances and correlation between the performances of the economies, markets and securities in which the fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variations in the risk variables.

**Impact on Operating Profit/Net Assets
Attributable to Unitholders Interest Rate Risk
31st December, 2015
Rs.**

Change in interest rate of the Trust's Investment in Trading Securities:	
+1.5%	2,819,389
-1.5%	(2,819,389)

3.3 Credit Risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when they fall due.

The main concentration of credit risk, to which the Fund is exposed, arises from the Fund's investment in debt securities. Cash and cash equivalents, amounts due from brokers and other receivables.

3.3.1 Debt Securities

The Fund invests in debt securities which have an investment grade categorization as rated by Fitch ICRA Lanka and Lanka Rating Agency. An analysis of debt by rating is set out in the table below:

	31 st December, 2015 Amount Rs.
Repurchase Agreements	
Rating	
Risk Free	414,380,495

Commercial Paper Rating	Dealer	Rating Agency	Amount Rs.
BB+	Kotagala Plantation PLC	Lanka Rating Agency	133,919,147
BB+	Alliance Finance Co. Ltd	Fitch Ratings	13,919,865
AA-	Peoples' Leasing & Finance PLC	Fitch Ratings	50,626,276
BBB-	Softlogic Finance PLC	Lanka Rating Agency	111,522,931
A	Lanka Orix Leasing Co. PLC	ICRA Lanka	207,144,206
BBB	Janashakthi PLC	ICRA Lanka	99,860,621
A-	First Capital Holdings PLC	Lanka Rating Agency	168,773,221
BBB	Softlogic Holdings PLC	ICRA Lanka	112,688,239
BBB+	Dunamis Capital PLC	Lanka Rating Agency	57,062,528
Total			955,517,035

3.3.2 Cash and Cash Equivalents

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is low as all counterparties have a rating of AA+ as determined by the Fitch rating agency.

In accordance with the Fund's policy, the investment manager monitors the Fund's credit position on a daily basis.

3.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of units. It therefore primarily holds investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed. Only a limited proportion of its assets are held in investments not actively traded on a stock exchange.

Units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. However, the Board of Directors does not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the table below will be representative of the actual cash outflows, as holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term.

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

31 st December, 2015	Less Than One Month Rs.	01 to 06 Months Rs.	06 to 12 Months Rs.	Total Rs.
Accrued Expenses				
- Management Fee Payable	1,615,737	Nil	Nil	1,615,737
- Other Payables	Nil	425,903	330,063	755,966
- Money Payable on Unit Redemption	1,057,733	Nil	Nil	1,057,733
Contractual Cash Flows (Excluding Gross settled Derivatives)	2,673,470	425,903	330,063	3,429,436

3.5 Fair Value Estimation

The carrying amounts of the Fund's assets and liabilities at the end of each reporting period approximate their fair values.

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments held at fair value through profit or loss is measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in profit or loss.

3.5.1 Fair Value in an Inactive or Unquoted Market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Investments in other unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the investment managers of such funds.

Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

The carrying value less impairment provision of other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Fund for similar financial instruments.

3.6 Fair Value Hierarchy

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1)
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

3.6.1 Classification of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurements. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes ‘observable’ requires significant judgement by the responsible entity. The responsible entity considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The tables below set out the Fund’s financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at 31st December, 2015.

As At 31 st December, 2015	Level 1 Rs.	Level 2 Rs.	Level 3 Rs.	Total Rs.
Financial Assets				
Financial Assets Held for Trading:				
- Repurchase Agreements	Nil	414,380,495	Nil	414,380,495
- Commercial Papers	Nil	955,517,035	Nil	955,517,035
- Fixed Deposits	Nil	822,550,770	Nil	822,550,770
Receivables	Nil	Nil	162,798	162,798
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Nil	Nil	3,459,780	3,459,780
Total	Nil	2,192,448,300	3,622,578	2,196,070,878

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within level 1, include active listed equities, certain unlisted unit trusts, exchange traded derivatives.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2. These include; investment-grade corporate bonds and certain non-US sovereign obligations, certain listed equities, certain unlisted unit trusts, and over-the-counter derivatives. As level 2 investments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information.

Investments classified within level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they are infrequently traded. Level 3 instruments include corporate debt securities and certain unlisted unit trusts. As observable prices are not available for these securities, the responsible entity has used valuation techniques to derive fair value.

	2015 Rs.	2014 Rs.
4 NET INCOME ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS HELD AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		
Interest from		
- Bank Deposits	53,187,832	10,711,406
- Treasury Bills	7,907,504	16,093,351
- Repurchase Agreements	27,441,678	67,573,478
- Commercial Papers	99,422,271	117,095,952
	<u>187,959,285</u>	<u>211,474,187</u>

Net income recognized in relation to financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss:

5. DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITHOLDERS

Dividend Paid		166,513,843	178,063,266
	Date of Dividend Declaration	Dividend Paid in Number of Units	Dividend Paid in Rupees
Dividend Paid for 2015			
01st July, 2014 to 31st December, 2014	12th February, 2015	193,098,373	77,239,349
01st January, 2015 to 30th June, 2015	04th August, 2015	223,186,235	89,274,494
		<u>416,284,608</u>	<u>166,513,843</u>
Dividend Paid for 2014			
01st July, 2013 to 31st December, 2013	06th February, 2014	115,214,227	63,367,825
01st January, 2014 to 30th June, 2014	07th August, 2014	254,878,757	114,695,441
		<u>370,092,984</u>	<u>178,063,266</u>

6. NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	31st December		31st December	
	2015 Number	2014 Number	2015 Rs.	2014 Rs.
Opening Balance	287,229,683	114,111,717	2,999,467,220	1,214,741,523
Applications	138,655,416	294,907,983	1,428,323,906	3,060,330,612
Redemptions	(212,717,101)	(121,790,017)	(2,211,805,799)	(1,268,016,663)
Decrease in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders	-	-	(16,062,577)	(7,588,252)
Closing Balance	<u>213,167,998</u>	<u>287,229,683</u>	<u>2,199,922,750</u>	<u>2,999,467,220</u>

As stipulated within the Trust deed, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

6.1 Capital Risk Management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the responsible entity. Under the terms of the Fund constitution, the responsible entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of the unitholders.

	2015 Rs.	2014 Rs.
7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash at Bank	3,459,780	4,677,784
8. RECEIVABLES		
Sundry Debtors	162,798	162,798
9. FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		
Investment in Fixed Deposit	Note 9.1 822,550,769	415,466,297
Investment in Repurchase Agreement	Note 9.2 414,380,495	946,526,868
Investment in Treasury Bills	Note 9.3 -	276,210,582
Investment in Commercial Papers	Note 9.4 955,517,035	1,353,991,732
	<u>2,192,448,299</u>	<u>2,992,195,479</u>

9.1 Investment in Fixed Deposit

As at 31st December, 2015

Bank	Yield	Investment Date	Maturity Date	Cost Rs.	Investment Rs.
Mercantile Investments and Finance PLC	8.50%	12-Oct-15	12-Jan-16	10,000,000	10,188,630
Orient Finance PLC	9.00%	12-Oct-15	12-Jan-16	25,000,000	25,499,315
Richard Pieris Finance Ltd	9.00%	12-Oct-15	12-Jan-16	25,000,000	25,499,315
Commercial Credit & Finance PLC	10.15%	14-Oct-15	14-Jan-16	38,138,625	38,976,473
Commercial Credit & Finance PLC	10.15%	26-Oct-15	26-Jan-16	50,000,000	50,931,575
AMW Capital Leasing & Finance PLC	9.25%	30-Oct-15	29-Jan-16	52,000,000	52,830,219
Mercantile Investments & Finance PLC	8.50%	30-Oct-15	30-Jan-16	10,360,000	10,511,994
Commercial Credit & Finance PLC	9.50%	7-Nov-15	7-May-16	27,124,439	27,512,727
L B Finance PLC	9.25%	12-Nov-15	12-May-16	50,000,000	50,633,562
Commercial Leasing & Finance PLC	10.00%	13-Nov-15	13-May-16	51,093,870	51,779,788
Orient Finance PLC	9.75%	13-Nov-15	13-May-16	25,000,000	25,327,226
AMW Capital Leasing & Finance PLC	9.35%	13-Nov-15	13-May-16	50,000,000	50,627,603
Orient Finance PLC	9.75%	18-Nov-15	18-May-16	25,964,110	26,269,277
AMW Capital Leasing & Finance PLC	9.25%	18-Nov-15	18-Mar-16	50,000,000	50,557,534
MBSL Bank & Finance PLC	9.25%	18-Nov-15	18-Feb-16	40,000,000	40,446,027
L B Finance PLC	9.75%	19-Nov-15	19-May-16	25,000,000	25,287,158
Commercial Leasing & Finance PLC	10.00%	2-Dec-15	2-Mar-16	51,851,164	52,277,338
L B Finance PLC	9.60%	10-Dec-15	10-Jun-16	103,722,671	104,322,842
L B Finance PLC	9.60%	15-Dec-15	15-Jun-16	25,930,668	26,046,610
Citizens Development Business Finance PLC	9.50%	28-Dec-15	28-Jun-16	25,000,000	25,026,026
Lanka Orix Leasing Finance PLC	10.25%	31-Dec-15	31-Mar-16	51,984,931	51,999,530
				<u>813,170,478</u>	<u>822,550,769</u>

As at 31st December, 2014

Bank	Yield	Investment Date	Maturity Date	Cost Rs.	Investment Rs.
Orient Finance PLC	11.01%	19-Jun-14	19-Jun-15	50,000,000	52,956,109
Softlogic Finance PLC	9.00%	30-Sep-14	31-Mar-15	10,517,500	10,758,682
Commercial Credit & Finance PLC	9.75%	14-Oct-14	14-Apr-15	35,000,000	35,738,596
Commercial Credit & Finance PLC	8.75%	7-Nov-14	7-May-15	25,000,000	25,329,623
Commercial Credit & Finance PLC	9.00%	3-Dec-14	3-Jun-15	40,000,000	40,286,027
HDFC Bank	7.25%	24-Dec-14	24-Mar-15	250,000,000	250,397,260
				<u>410,517,500</u>	<u>415,466,297</u>

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTD...)

9.2 Investment in Repurchase Agreement

As at 31st December, 2015

Dealer	Yield	Investment Date	Maturity Date	Cost Rs.	Investment Value Rs.
DFCC Vardana Bank	6.30%	28-Dec-15	11-Jan-16	42,613,368	42,642,788
Nat Wealth Securities Ltd	6.40%	28-Dec-15	11-Jan-16	129,338,789	129,429,503
Nat Wealth Securities Ltd	6.40%	29-Dec-15	5-Jan-16	50,000,000	50,026,301
Perpetual Treasuries Limited	6.50%	29-Dec-15	12-Jan-16	80,000,000	80,042,740
Wealth Trust Securities Ltd	6.55%	30-Dec-15	6-Jan-16	50,000,000	50,017,945
Entrust Securities Ltd	6.15%	31-Dec-15	4-Jan-16	62,210,735	62,221,218
				<u>414,162,892</u>	<u>414,380,495</u>

As at 31st December, 2014

Dealer	Yield	Investment Date	Maturity Date	Cost Rs.	Investment Value Rs.
Entrust Securities Ltd	5.75%	16-Dec-14	1-Jun-15	31,400,000	31,479,145
Perpetual Treasuries Ltd	5.70%	19-Dec-14	1-Feb-15	70,360,065	70,502,906
Entrust Securities Ltd	5.75%	22-Dec-14	1-Dec-15	83,769,881	83,901,847
Commercial Bank	5.70%	23-Dec-14	1-Jun-15	531,677,512	532,426,827
Entrust Securities Ltd	5.75%	30-Dec-14	20-Jan-15	120,774,726	120,812,778
DFCC Vardana Bank	5.30%	31-Dec-14	1-Feb-15	50,565,564	50,572,926
Commercial Bank	5.60%	31-Dec-14	1-Feb-15	46,822,274	46,829,477
Bank Of Ceylon	3.50%	31-Dec-14	1-Feb-15	10,000,000	10,000,962
				<u>945,370,022</u>	<u>946,526,868</u>

9.3 Investment in Treasury Bills

As at 31st December, 2014

Dealer	Yield	Investment Date	Maturity Date	Cost Rs.	Investment Value Rs.
LKA36415G037	6.97%	4-Jul-14	3-Jul-15	29,042,736	30,049,306
LKA36415G102	6.94%	11-Jul-14	10-Jul-15	46,755,200	48,306,286
LKA36415G102	6.93%	11-Jul-14	10-Jul-15	46,759,550	48,308,557
LKA18215A168	6.57%	18-Jul-14	16-Jan-15	48,409,700	49,868,931
LKA18215A168	6.58%	18-Jul-14	16-Jan-15	48,407,400	49,868,742
LKA18215A234	6.53%	25-Jul-14	23-Jan-15	24,209,550	24,904,451
LKA18215A234	6.54%	25-Jul-14	23-Jan-15	24,208,375	24,904,309
				<u>267,792,511</u>	<u>276,210,582</u>

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTD...)

9.4 Investment in Commercial Papers

As at 31st December, 2015

Company	Yield	Investment Date	Maturity Date	Cost Rs.	Market Value Rs.
Alliance Finance Co.PLC	8.25%	24-Jun-15	12-Jan-16	6,694,352	6,983,356
Alliance Finance Co.PLC	8.30%	24-Jun-15	12-Feb-16	6,647,777	6,936,509
Softlogic Holdings PLC	9.05%	3-Jul-15	4-Jan-16	107,822,632	112,688,239
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.25%	2-Oct-15	4-Jan-16	5,428,317	5,553,503
Lanka Orix Leasing Finance PLC	10.10%	9-Oct-15	11-Jan-16	49,870,283	51,029,459
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.25%	9-Oct-15	8-Jan-16	5,455,840	5,571,982
Softlogic Finance PLC	10.00%	9-Oct-15	11-Jan-16	29,332,311	30,007,356
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.25%	16-Oct-15	15-Jan-16	22,199,863	22,633,064
Lanka Orix Leasing Finance PLC	10.15%	19-Oct-15	19-Jan-16	51,867,305	52,934,635
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.40%	19-Oct-15	19-Jan-16	5,125,064	5,222,735
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	20-Oct-15	20-Jan-16	5,477,565	5,581,639
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	20-Oct-15	20-Jan-16	10,526,267	10,726,266
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	23-Oct-15	22-Jan-16	5,431,943	5,530,908
First Capital Holdings PLC	9.50%	28-Oct-15	27-Jan-16	32,771,937	33,326,367
Softlogic Finance PLC	10.25%	29-Oct-15	29-Jan-16	24,935,577	25,383,735
People's Leasing & Finance PLC	8.50%	30-Oct-15	29-Jan-16	49,894,265	50,626,276
Lanka Orix Leasing Finance PLC	10.00%	2-Nov-15	2-Feb-16	51,869,261	52,721,906
First Capital Holdings PLC	9.60%	2-Nov-15	2-May-16	53,441,472	54,284,822
First Capital Holdings PLC	9.60%	6-Nov-15	6-May-16	26,629,629	27,021,850
Softlogic Finance PLC	10.25%	6-Nov-15	5-Feb-16	12,998,374	13,202,786
Lanka Orix Leasing Finance PLC	10.25%	11-Nov-15	11-May-16	49,745,752	50,458,206
Dunamis Capital PLC	10.25%	11-Nov-15	11-May-16	56,256,822	57,062,528
First Capital Holdings PLC	9.25%	16-Nov-15	15-Feb-16	53,516,313	54,140,182
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	19-Nov-15	19-Feb-16	5,163,317	5,221,104
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	20-Nov-15	22-Feb-16	11,107,050	11,228,466
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	20-Nov-15	22-Feb-16	10,597,090	10,712,933
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	23-Nov-15	23-Feb-16	5,469,053	5,524,568
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	2-Dec-15	2-Mar-16	11,190,503	11,277,881
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	7-Dec-15	8-Mar-16	5,531,068	5,567,058
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	15-Dec-15	15-Mar-16	5,550,092	5,574,649
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	21-Dec-15	21-Mar-16	6,745,629	6,764,942
Janashakthi PLC	10.00%	28-Dec-15	28-Mar-16	99,751,305	99,860,621
Kotagala Plantation PLC	9.50%	30-Dec-15	30-Mar-16	11,221,608	11,227,450
Softlogic Finance PLC	10.25%	31-Dec-15	31-Mar-16	11,698,933	11,702,218
Softlogic Finance PLC	10.25%	31-Dec-15	31-Mar-16	31,218,069	31,226,836
				<u>939,182,638</u>	<u>955,517,035</u>

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTD...)

9.4 Investment in Commercial Papers (Contd....)

As at 31st December, 2014	Investment	MatURITY	Cost	Market Value	
Company	Yield	Date	Date	Rs.	Rs.
People's Leasing & Finance PLC	11.25%	10-Mar-14	9-Jan-15	10,000,000	10,915,410
People's Leasing & Finance PLC	11.25%	10-Mar-14	10-Feb-15	10,000,000	10,915,410
People's Leasing & Finance PLC	11.25%	10-Mar-14	10-Mar-15	10,000,000	10,915,410
People's Leasing & Finance PLC	10.70%	26-Mar-14	20-Jan-15	8,272,475	8,953,923
People's Leasing & Finance PLC	10.85%	26-Mar-14	20-Feb-15	7,283,367	7,891,748
People's Leasing & Finance PLC	11.00%	26-Mar-14	20-Mar-15	6,355,029	6,893,203
Melsta Regal Finance Ltd.	8.90%	19-Jun-14	19-Jun-15	49,558,926	51,927,435
Softlogic Holdings PLC	10.00%	4-Jul-14	2-Jan-15	99,503,844	104,438,145
Softlogic Finance PLC	10.00%	9-Jul-14	9-Jan-15	26,437,815	27,712,626
Orient Finance PLC	9.00%	11-Jul-14	9-Jan-15	27,851,177	29,046,106
Richard Pieris Arpico Finance Ltd	10.78%	21-Jul-14	21-Feb-15	8,715,790	9,137,949
Richard Pieris Arpico Finance Ltd	10.81%	21-Jul-14	21-Mar-15	8,646,929	9,066,918
Richard Pieris Arpico Finance Ltd	10.84%	21-Jul-14	21-Apr-15	8,571,714	8,989,206
Kotagala Plantations PLC	10.50%	22-Jul-14	22-Jan-15	9,947,347	10,413,783
Kotagala Plantation PLC	10.50%	22-Jul-14	20-Feb-15	14,908,649	15,607,722
Softlogic Finance PLC	10.00%	7-Aug-14	6-Feb-15	11,669,172	12,139,136
Kotagala Plantations PLC	10.50%	11-Aug-14	23-Jan-15	9,952,758	10,362,185
Kotagala Plantations PLC	10.50%	11-Aug-14	20-Feb-15	9,944,786	10,353,885
Kotagala Plantations PLC	10.50%	11-Aug-14	20-Mar-15	9,936,826	10,345,598
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.75%	2-Sep-14	15-Jan-15	4,982,034	5,143,063
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.75%	2-Sep-14	13-Feb-15	4,978,191	5,139,096
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.75%	2-Sep-14	13-Mar-15	4,974,487	5,135,272
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.75%	2-Sep-14	20-Apr-15	4,969,468	5,130,091
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.75%	9-Sep-14	9-Feb-15	4,979,648	5,131,289
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.75%	9-Sep-14	9-Mar-15	4,975,942	5,127,469
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.75%	9-Sep-14	9-Apr-15	4,971,844	5,123,248
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.75%	24-Sep-14	6-Feb-15	4,982,034	5,113,785
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.75%	24-Sep-14	5-Mar-15	4,978,456	5,110,112
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.75%	24-Sep-14	3-Apr-15	4,974,619	5,106,174
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.75%	24-Sep-14	7-May-15	4,970,128	5,101,565
First Capital Holdings PLC	8.25%	30-Sep-14	31-Mar-15	27,812,980	28,397,624
Softlogic Finance PLC	9.00%	30-Sep-14	31-Mar-15	28,092,308	28,736,507
Abans Finance PLC	7.85%	3-Oct-14	3-Apr-15	11,480,077	11,702,287
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	7-Oct-14	23-Feb-15	4,981,976	5,093,491
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	7-Oct-14	23-Mar-15	4,978,361	5,089,795
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	7-Oct-14	23-Apr-15	4,974,365	5,085,709
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	7-Oct-14	22-May-15	4,970,632	5,081,893
Abans Finance PLC	7.85%	10-Oct-14	10-Apr-15	37,012,344	37,673,040
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	16-Oct-14	16-Apr-15	20,409,347	20,818,372
First Capital Holdings PLC	7.75%	29-Oct-14	29-Apr-15	30,469,977	30,884,035
First Capital Holdings PLC	7.75%	3-Nov-14	4-May-15	49,807,525	50,431,483
First Capital Holdings PLC	7.50%	7-Nov-14	6-Feb-15	24,953,341	25,235,348
Softlogic Holdings PLC	8.50%	12-Nov-14	12-May-15	49,790,131	50,369,879
Dunamis Capital PLC	8.75%	12-Nov-14	13-May-15	52,141,881	52,766,869
First Capital Holdings PLC	7.25%	14-Nov-14	13-Feb-15	49,909,786	50,385,639
First Capital Holdings PLC	7.75%	17-Nov-14	18-May-15	49,807,525	50,283,425
Kotagala Plantation PLC	9.50%	21-Nov-14	21-May-15	10,215,186	10,324,195
Softlogic Finance PLC	8.00%	26-Nov-14	26-May-15	20,271,106	20,431,053
Abans Finance PLC	7.00%	26-Nov-14	26-Feb-15	17,170,678	17,289,226
Dunamis Capital PLC	8.50%	28-Nov-14	29-May-15	29,873,386	30,109,918
Abans Finance PLC	7.00%	12-Dec-14	12-Mar-15	33,887,149	34,017,128
Softlogic Holdings PLC	8.25%	17-Dec-14	17-Jun-15	104,061,740	104,414,552
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.25%	19-Dec-14	2-Jun-15	10,343,436	10,377,513
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.25%	19-Dec-14	2-Jul-15	10,284,498	10,318,380
Softlogic Finance PLC	8.25%	19-Dec-14	19-Jun-15	27,605,650	27,686,766
Janashakthi Limited	8.30%	29-Dec-14	29-Jun-15	104,444,934	104,516,186
Softlogic Holdings PLC	8.25%	30-Dec-14	30-Jun-15	104,037,427	104,084,457
				<u>1,326,081,201</u>	<u>1,353,991,732</u>

	2015 Rs.	2014 Rs.
	<u>Rs.</u>	<u>Rs.</u>
10. INCOME TAX RECEIVABLE		
Balance as at the Beginning of the Year	7,073,284	5,179,919
Add : WHT Set Off	13,388,341	12,468,349
Notional Tax	3,536,491	8,366,684
	<u>23,998,116</u>	<u>26,014,952</u>
Less : Income Tax Expense on Current Year's Profit	(16,716,807)	(18,941,668)
Balance as at the End of the Year	<u><u>7,281,309</u></u>	<u><u>7,073,284</u></u>
11. OTHER PAYABLES		
VAT and NBT Payables to Ceybank Asset Management Ltd	330,063	330,063
Management Fee Payable	1,615,737	2,633,943
Other Creditors	425,903	347,253
	<u><u>2,371,703</u></u>	<u><u>3,311,259</u></u>
12. UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS		
There were no any unrecognized contractual commitments as at the reporting date.		
13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS		
13.1 Contingent Liabilities		
There were no contingent liabilities as at the reporting date.		
13.2 Contingent Assets		
There were no contingent assets as at the reporting date.		
14. EVENTS OCCURING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD		
No circumstances have arisen, since the reporting date which would require adjustments to, or disclosures, in the financial statements.		

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

15.1 Responsible Entity

The responsible entity of Ceybank Savings Plus Fund is Ceybank Asset Management Limited.

15.2 Key Management Personnel

a) Directors

Key management personnel includes persons who were directors of Ceybank Asset Management Limited at any time during the financial year.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| - Mr. P. S. C. Pelpola (Chairman) | - Mr. M. Selvanathan |
| - Mr. C. Sathkumara | - Mr. Sri B.Babu Rao |
| - Mr. D. M. Gunasekara | - Mr. M.S.P.R. Perera |
| - Mr. S. M. S. C. Jayasuriya | - Mr. P. P. J. Perera |

b) Other key management personnel.

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

15.3 Key Management Personnel Unitholdings

The key management personnel of Ceybank Asset Management Limited have not held any units in the fund.

15.4 Other Transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving key management personnel's interest existing at year end.

15.5 Related Party Unitholding

The management company of Ceybank Savings Plus Fund did not hold any units in the Fund.

15.6 Key Management Personnel Compensation

Key management personnel are paid by Ceybank Asset Management Limited. Payments made from the Fund to Ceybank Asset Management Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

Name of Related Company	Relationship	Nature of Transaction
Ceybank Asset Management Limited	Managing Company	Management Fee Rs.17,094,958
National Savings Bank	Trustee	Trustee Fee Rs.2,849,160

16. Transactions with Key Management Personnel (KMP) of the Company

Key management personnel are paid by Ceybank Asset Management Limited. Payments are from the fund to Ceybank Asset Management Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS MONEY MARKET FUND Annual Report & Accounts 2015

DECLARATION BY TRUSTEES AND MANAGING COMPANY

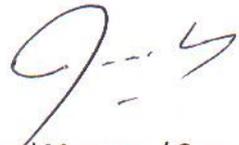
Declaration by Trustees and Management Company as per SEC circular No 02/2009 on Guidelines for Trustees and Management Companies of Unit trust Funds.

National Savings Bank the Trustee and Ceybank Asset Management Ltd the Managers of Ceybank Unit Trust Funds hereby declare that;

1. the requirements of the Guidelines for Trustees and Managing Companies of Unit Trust Funds set by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka have been complied with during the year.
2. the transactions were and will be carried out at arm's length basis and on terms which are best available for the fund, as well as act, at all times, in the best interest of the Fund's unit holders.


Trustee to
Ceybank Unit Trust Funds

National Savings Bank


General Manager / Compliance Officer
Ceybank Asset Management Ltd



CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS MONEY MARKET FUND
Annual Report & Accounts 2015
MANAGEMENT TEAM

CEYBANK ASSET MANAGEMENT LTD

MANAGEMENT TEAM

CHAIRMAN

Palitha Pelpola

CEO / EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Chitra Sathkumara

B.Sc, MBA (Finance)

General Manager

W. D. F. Wimalaratne
FIB (IBSL), Dip. In Bank Mgt. (IBSL),
Pg.DBFA (ICASL)
Former Deputy General Manager
Bank of Ceylon

**Manager – Investment &
Business Development**

Ian Ferdinands
Chartered Marketer
Certified e Marketer

Manager – Finance

Ravindra Hettiarachchi
Chartered Finalist (ICASL)
B.Sc (Mgt) Sp. Hons
MBA

Registrar

K. Dorin Sherina

Assistant Fund Manager

Kanchana Karannagoda
B.Sc. B. Admin. Sp. (Finance) Hons
CIMA,CGMA

Marketing Manager

Kumudu Kekirideniya
Dip.in Marketing (UK),
MICM (UK)